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TRAUMATIC CARDIOPULMONARY ARREST – ADULT/ADOLESCENT

ALS STANDING ORDERS:

- 1. Initiate and maintain uninterrupted CPR.
- 2. Suction and maintain open airway, assist ventilations with BVM and high flow oxygen.
 - O If airway cannot be maintained or if obstructed, consider direct laryngoscopy or immediate advanced airway.
- 3. Initiate or maintain spinal motion restriction as appropriate.
- 4. Monitor cardiac rhythm and manage treatable dysrhythmias using cardiac standing orders.
- 5. If chest injury and suspected tension pneumothorax:
 - ▶ Place Needle Thoracostomy to side of chest with absent breath sounds.
 - ▶ Place bilateral Needle Thoracostomy when bilateral chest trauma observed.
- 6. IV access; if unable to place IV, establish IO access (do not delay transport to establish IV or IO):
 - ▶ 250 mL Normal Saline fluid bolus, continue Normal Saline as a wide open infusion to attain or maintain perfusion.
- 7. If further orders required for patient stabilization, contact Base Hospital.
- 8. ALS transport to a Trauma Center as directed by Base Hospital.
- 9. If trauma is clearly the cause of cardiopulmonary arrest (gunshot wound to the chest, pedestrian hit by a car at high speed, etc), administration of epinephrine is not indicated.

Carl Chulk, MO

Approved:

Reviewed: 5/2016; 01/2019; 08/2020; 09/2022

Initial Release Date: 04/01/2023 Final Implementation Date: 10/01/2023 OCEMS copyright © 2023 TRAUMATIC CARDIOPULMONARY ARREST - ADULT/ADOLESCENT

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TREATMENT GUIDELINES:

- If no signs of life, consider OCEMS Policy # 330.50, "Withholding Prehospital CPR for the Obviously Dead" (particularly for blunt trauma cardiopulmonary arrest victims):
 - Assess respiratory status
 - Assess cardiac status
 - Assess pupil light reflexes and response to voice and touch stimulation
 - If there is uncertainty regarding the above findings supporting the withholding of CPR for a victim who appears obviously dead, obtain cardiac rhythm strips in two leads to confirm asystole to support the assessment of the victim being obviously dead.
- Trauma arrest patients for who resuscitation and transport is pursued should be triaged as follows:
 - Unmanageable airway Base Hospital triage to closest appropriate Trauma Center
 - Penetrating or blunt traumatic cardiopulmonary arrest (including pregnant women) -Base Hospital triage to closest appropriate Trauma Center.
- Transport of trauma victims should be rapid with treatment enroute when possible.

Core Schole, K.S.

Approved:

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