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Revised:

### **BACKGROUND:**

Ketorolac is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe pain (4-10 on the pain scale) in patients as an adjunct to, or replacement for, opiate analgesics.

### INDICATION:

It should be administered when:

- the patient can't tolerate narcotics or refuses them
- the patient has moderate pain and narcotics may not be indicated
- · paramedics cannot establish an IV
- fentanyl has been given but patient requires additional pain medication
- the patient's airway/ventilatory status may be at risk

# **CONTRAINDICATIONS:**

- Age < 2 years old or Age > 65
- Suspected cardiac pain
- Hypersensitivity or allergy to NSAIDs (e.g. aspirin, ibuprofen, naproxen)
- Active peptic ulcer disease or recent (<3 months) history of GI bleed or perforation</li>
- Suspected, active, or at high risk for significant hemorrhage, including intracranial bleeding, major trauma, GI bleeding, or coagulopathy
- Concurrent use of NSAIDs and/or anti-coagulants (low dose aspirin okay)
- Recent (<6 weeks) or scheduled major surgery</li>
- Renal disease or patient with renal transplant
- Pregnancy, suspected pregnancy, or breastfeeding

#### PROCEDURE:

- 1. Confirm the patient meets the indications for administering ketorolac.
- 2. Confirm the patient has no contraindications to receiving ketorolac.
- Administer the ketorolac at the prescribed dose. If patient has an IV line, that route is preferred.

## DOSING:

Adults: 15 mg IV/IO/IM one time

Pediatrics: 0.25 mg/kg IV/IO/IM to a maximum of 15 mg one time

### DOCUMENTATION:

- Pain scale pre-administration
- Patient weight (kg) if pediatric
- Indications for administration
- Confirmation of no contraindication
- Any adverse reactions

Approved:

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