



**OUTPATIENT/AMBULATORY HEALTH SERVICES
STANDARDS OF CARE**

FOR

HIV SERVICES IN ORANGE COUNTY

Approved by Planning Council 05/13/26

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SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION

The goal of Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services is to ensure accessible HIV/AIDS primary and specialty medical care, including family-centered care, and to enable adherence to treatment plans, that is consisted with the US Public Health Service Guidelines. In addition, outpatient/ambulatory medical health services are designed to interrupt or delay the progression of HIV disease, prevent and treat opportunistic infections, and promote optimal health. All services and interventions must be based on proven clinical methods and in accordance with legal and ethical standards. The services delivered shall reflect a philosophy of service delivery that affirms a client's right to privacy, confidentiality, self-determination, nondiscrimination, compassionate and non-judgmental care, dignity, and respect.

Goals of the Standards. These standards of care are provided to ensure that Orange County's outpatient/ambulatory health services:

- Are accessible to all persons living with HIV (PLWH) who meet eligibility requirements
- Promote continuity of care, client monitoring, and follow-up
- Enhance coordination among service providers to eliminate duplication of services
- Provide opportunities and structure to promote client and provider education
- Maintain the highest standards of care for clients
- Protect the rights of PLWH
- Increase client self-sufficiency and quality of life
- Provide a framework to foster ethical and nondiscriminatory practices

SECTION 2: DEFINITION OF OUTPATIENT/AMBULATORY HEALTH SERVICES

Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services provide diagnostic and therapeutic-related activities directly to a client by a licensed healthcare provider in an outpatient medical setting.

Outpatient medical settings may include: clinics, medical offices, mobile vans, using telehealth technology, and urgent care facilities for HIV-related visits.

Treatment Adherence services provided during an Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Service visit are considered Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services, whereas treatment adherence activities provided during a Medical Case Management visit are considered Medical Case Management services.

Allowable activities include:

- Medical history taking
- Physical examination
- Diagnostic testing (including HIV confirmatory and viral load testing), as well as laboratory testing
- Treatment and management of physical and behavioral health conditions
- Behavioral risk assessment, subsequent counseling, and referral
- Preventive care and screening
- Pediatric developmental assessment
- Prescription and management of medication therapy
- Treatment Adherence
- Education and counseling on health and prevention issues
- Referral to and provision of specialty care related to HIV diagnosis, including audiology and ophthalmology

Primary medical care for the treatment of HIV includes the provision of care that is consistent with the Public Health Service's Health Services Guidelines. Such care must include access to antiretroviral and other drug therapies, including prophylaxis and treatment of opportunistic infections and combination antiretroviral therapies. Current Public Health Service Guidelines are available online at: <https://hivinfo.nih.gov>

Diagnostic testing includes only testing procedures and applications as approved by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) for funding under the Ryan White Act. The policy describing the use of Ryan White Act Program funds for HIV diagnostics and laboratory tests is available online at:

<https://ryanwhite.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/ryanwhite/grants/hivdiag-test-pn-0702.pdf>

SECTION 3: STAFFING REQUIREMENTS AND QUALIFICATIONS

Quality medical care services starts with well-prepared and qualified staff. To ensure this, outpatient/ambulatory health services providers must meet all of the following requirements and qualifications:

- **Licensure.** Practitioners of medical care services include licensed practitioners and unlicensed practitioners who practice under the supervision of a licensed medical professional and as mandated by their respective licensing boards. All licenses must be valid and in good standing.

Licensed Practitioners

- **Physicians (MDs or DOs):** Physicians must have a valid license to practice medicine in the State of California (Medical Board of California or California Board of Osteopathic Examiners). Certification by the American Academy of HIV Medicine (AAHIVM) is strongly encouraged.

Physicians providing routine primary HIV medical care shall meet any one of the following four criteria consistent with the definition of “HIV Specialist” as defined by California Assembly Bill 2168¹:

- 1) Is credentialed as an “HIV Specialist” by the AAHIVM; **or**
- 2) Is board certified, or has earned a certificate of Added Qualification, in the field of HIV medicine granted by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties, should a member board of that organization establish board certification, or a Certificate of Added Qualification, in the field of HIV medicine;
or
- 3) Is board certified in the field of infectious diseases by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties and meets the following qualifications:
 - a. In the immediately preceding 12 months has clinically managed medical care to a minimum of 25 patients who are infected with HIV; **and**
 - b. In the immediately preceding 12 months has successfully completed a minimum of 15 hours of category 1 continuing medical education in the prevention of HIV infection, combined with diagnosis, treatment, or both, of HIV-infected patients, including a minimum of 5 hours related to antiretroviral therapy per year; **or**
- 4) Meets the following qualifications:
 - a. In the immediately preceding 24 months, has clinically provided medical care to a minimum of 20 patients who are infected with HIV;
and
 - b. Has completed any one of the following:
 - In the immediately preceding 12 months has obtained board certification or re-certification in the field of infectious diseases;

¹ Assembly Bill (AB) 2168 definition of “HIV Specialist” effective as of January 16, 2003

- In the immediately preceding 12 months has successfully completed a minimum of 30 hours of “Category 1 Continuing Medical Education” in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of HIV-infected patients; **or**
 - In the immediately preceding 12 months has successfully completed a minimum of 15 hours of “Category 1 Continuing Medical Education” in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of HIV-infected patients **and** successfully completed the “*HIV Medicine Competency Maintenance Examination*” administered by the *American Academy of HIV Medicine*
- **Resident Physicians:** Physicians must have a valid license to practice medicine in the State of California (Medical Board of California or California Board of Osteopathic Examiners) and will receive supervision in accordance with state requirements.
 - **Physician Assistants (PAs):** PAs must have graduated from a medical training program approved by the California Physician Assistant Committee, and must have passed the Physician Assistance National Certifying Examination (PANCE) offered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants (NCCPA). PAs must complete continuing education as required by the appropriate licensing board. PAs authorized by supervising physicians to issue prescriptions for medication and medical devices must do so in compliance with the Physician Assistant Practice Act.

It is highly recommended that PAs routinely providing HIV medical care become certified as an HIV Specialist by the AAHIVM.

- **Nurse Practitioners (NPs):** Nurse Practitioners must possess licensure as a Registered Nurse certified to practice in the State of California, a Nurse Practitioner certificate, or Master’s degree from a school accredited by the California Board of Registered Nursing. NPs must complete continuing education as required by the appropriate licensing board. In order to prescribe medicine, the NP must complete a pharmacology course and work six (6) months under a physician’s supervision and hold a Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) license.

It is highly recommended that NPs routinely providing HIV medical care become certified as an HIV Specialist by the AAHIVM

- **Clinical Nurse Specialist (CNS):** Clinical Nurse Specialists must achieve successful completion of a master’s program with a clinical field of nursing which conforms with the standards set forth in the California Business and Professions Code or must possess certification by a national organization/association whose standards are equivalent to those set forth in the California Business and Professions Code. National organizations/associations that have met such CNS certification requirements include: 1) American Association of Critical-Care

Nurses; 2) American Nurses Association – American Nurses Credentialing Center; and 3) Oncology Nursing Certification Corporation.²

- **Registered Nurses (RNs):** RNs must hold a license from the California Board of Registered Nurses (BRN), be a graduate from an accredited nursing program with a bachelor's (BSN) or two year nursing associate's degree, and must practice within the scope of practice defined in the California Business and Professions Code.
- **Licensed Vocational Nurses (LVNs):** LVNs must hold a license from the California Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians (BVNPT), must be a graduate of a vocational nursing program that is accredited by the BVNPT, and must practice within the scope of practice defined in the California Business and Professions Code.
- **Unlicensed Practitioners**
 - **Medical Assistants (MAs):** MAs must receive certification from one of following certifying agencies approved by the Medical Board of California: 1) American Association of Medical Assistants; 2) American Medical Technologists; 3) California Certifying Board of Medical Assistants.
 - **Medical Students:** Medical students/interns will practice within the scope of practice as defined by a university affiliation agreement and will receive supervision in accordance with state and federal requirements.
- **Additional Professional Staff**
 - Other staff providing services to patients in a primary medical care setting (e.g. dietitians, health educators, pharmacists, pharmacy assistants, case managers, social workers, etc.) shall provide services in accordance with their respective professional and/or licensing organizations.
 - Non-licensed medical care staff providing services to patients shall have initial and annual training/education on HIV/ related issues. Education can include round table discussion, training, one-on-one educational sessions, in-service, or literature review. Topics may include: 1) HIV disease process and current medical treatments; 2) Privacy Requirements and Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) regulations; 3) Human sexuality, gender, and sexual orientation affirming care; 4) Cultural issues related to communities affected by HIV/AIDS; and/or 5) Transmission of HIV and other communicable diseases

Legal and Ethical Obligations. Practitioners must be aware of and able to practice under the legal and ethical obligations as set forth by California state law and their respective professional organizations. Obligations include the following:

- **Continuity of Care:** Physicians have an obligation to support continuity of care for their patients and should not neglect a patient once a physician-patient relationship has been established. While physicians have the option of withdrawing from a case,

² California Board of Registered Nursing

they cannot do so without giving advanced notice to the patient sufficiently long in advance to permit another medical attendant to be secured³.

- **Potential Patients:** Physicians cannot refuse to care for patients based on race, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, or any other criteria that would constitute invidious discrimination, nor can they discriminate against patients with infectious diseases⁴.
- **Confidentiality:** Maintenance of confidentiality is a primary legal and ethical responsibility of the practitioner. Limits of confidentiality include danger to self or others, grave disability, and child/elder/dependent adult abuse. Domestic violence must be reported according to California mandated reporting laws.
- **Duty to warn:** Serious threats of violence (including physical violence, serious bodily harm, death, and terrorist threats) against a reasonably identifiable victim must be reported to authorities. However, at present, in California, a PLWH engaging in behaviors that may put others at risk for HIV infection is not a circumstance that warrants breaking of confidentiality. Only certain healthcare practitioners may notify identified partners who may have been infected within specific guidelines⁵. Staff should follow their agency's policies and procedures in relation to duty to warn.
- Staff are advised to seek legal advice when they are unsure about particular issues and the legal/ethical ramifications of their actions.

Standard	Measure
Service providers will ensure that all practitioners providing medical care services will be appropriately licensed through their respective licensing body	Documentation of licensure on file
Non-licensed outpatient/ambulatory health services professionals receive initial and annual education regarding HIV/AIDS in any of the following categories: 1) HIV disease process and current medical treatments; 2) Privacy requirements and HIPAA regulations; 3) Human sexuality, gender, and sexual orientation affirming care; 4) Cultural issues related to communities affected by HIV; and 5) Transmission of HIV and other communicable diseases	Documentation of training/education on file.
Medical care practitioners will have a clear understanding of job responsibilities	Written job description on file signed by medical care practitioner and supervisor

³ As specified in Opinion 8.115 of the American Medical Association (AMA) Code of Medical Ethics

⁴ As specified in Opinion 10.05 of the AMA Code of Medical Ethics

⁵ As specified in California Health and Safety Code Section 121015

Standard	Measure
Medical care practitioners will possess skill, experience, and licensing qualifications appropriate to provision of medical care and treatment modalities utilized	Resume and current license on file
Licensed medical care practitioners are encouraged to seek consultation as needed	Documentation of consultation on file, as needed
Unlicensed Medical Assistants will receive supervision in accordance with state requirements	Documentation of supervision on file
Medical care practitioners will practice according to California state law and the code of ethics of their respective professional organizations	Documentation on file including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Documentation of ethics training/education • Documentation of legal consultation, as applicable • Grantee review of grievances and patient complaints

SECTION 4: CULTURAL AND LINGUISTIC COMPETENCE

Staff must participate in a process of training and education that increases cultural and linguistic competence and improves their ability to provide culturally and linguistically appropriate services to all PLWH. Although an individual's ethnicity is generally central to their identity, it is not the only factor that makes up a person's culture. Other relevant factors include gender, language, religious beliefs, disability, sexual orientation, beliefs, and institutions. When providing culturally and linguistically competent services, it is important to acknowledge one's personal limits and treat one's client as the expert on their culture. If a practitioner determines that they cannot provide culturally or linguistically appropriate services, they must be willing to refer the client to another practitioner or service provider that can meet the client's needs in accordance with their agency's referral policy and procedure.

Based on the Health and Human Services' National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS Standards), culturally and linguistically appropriate services and skills include:

- Effective, equitable, understandable, and respectful services that are responsive to diverse cultural health beliefs and practices, preferred languages, health literacy, and other communication needs.
- The ability to respect, relate, and respond to a client's culture in a non-judgmental, respectful manner.

- Meeting the needs and providing services unique to our clients in line with the culture and language of the clients being served, including providing written materials in a language accessible to all clients.
- Recognizing the significant power differential between provider and client and work toward developing a collaborative relationship.
- Considering each client as an individual, not making assumptions based on perceived memberships in any specific group or class.
- Translation and/or interpretation services to individuals who have limited English proficiency and/or other communication needs, at no cost to them, to facilitate timely access to all services.
- Ensure the competence of individuals providing language assistance, recognizing that the use of untrained individuals and/or minors as interpreters should be avoided.
- Being non-judgmental in regards to people's sexual practices.
- Create conflict and grievance resolution processes that are culturally and linguistically appropriate to identify, prevent, and resolve conflicts or complaints.

Standard	Measure
Service providers shall recruit a diverse staff that reflects the culture (including gender, sexual identity, and disability) of the community served	Service providers shall have a written strategy on file
All staff (including administrative staff) will receive initial training within 60 days of hire and annual training to build cultural and linguistic competence	Documentation of training/education on file.
Service providers shall have posted and written materials in appropriate languages for the clients served	Site visit will ensure
Service provider will maintain a physical environment that is welcoming to the populations served	Site visit will ensure
Service provider complies with American Disabilities Act (ADA) criteria	Completed form/certification on file
Services are accessible to community served	Site visit to review hours of operation, location, accessibility with public transportation

SECTION 5: CLIENT REGISTRATION

Client registration is required for all clients who request Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services and shall be initiated at the time a client presents for services. Client registration is a time to gather information and provide basic information about services as appropriate. It is also a pivotal moment for establishment of trust and confidence in the care system. Staff shall be careful to provide an appropriate level of information that is helpful and responsive to client's need, but not overwhelming. Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services staff shall conduct the client registration with respect and compassion.

If a client is receiving multiple Ryan White or EHE services with the same provider, registration only needs to be conducted one (1) time. *With the exception of Releases of Information specific to medical information and Mental Health Consent for Treatment*, it is acceptable to note that eligibility, registration, and required documents discussed in this section were verified and exist in another client service record at the same provider agency.

The following describe components of registration:

Timeframe. Registration shall take place as soon as possible, at maximum within five (5) business days of initial client contact. If there is an indication that the client may be facing imminent loss of medication or is facing other forms of medical crisis, registration will be expedited and appropriate intervention may take place prior to formal intake.

Eligibility Determination. The service provider shall obtain the necessary information to establish the client's eligibility. See Requirements to be Eligible and Qualify for Services document: <https://ochealthinfo.com/about-hca/public-health-services/services/diseases-conditions/disease-information/hiv-planning/services/resources/hiv-pcs>.

Demographic Information. The service provider shall obtain the appropriate and necessary demographic information to complete registration; this includes basic information about the client's HIV medical history, living situation, employment and financial status, service linkages, and emergency contact information. Based on this information, the service provider may also determine the client's share-of-cost for services.

Provision of Information. The service provider shall provide information to the client about the medical services they are receiving. The service provider shall also provide the client with information about resources, care, and treatment (this may include the county-wide HIV Client Handbook) available in Orange County.

Required Documentation. The service provider shall develop the following forms in accordance with state and local guidelines. The following forms shall be signed and dated by each client.

- **HCC Consent:** Clients shall be informed of HIV Care Connect (HCC) and obtain an **HCC consent**. The HCC consent must be signed at intake prior to entry into the HCC

database and every three (3) years thereafter. The signed consent form shall authorize the Office of AIDS (OA) to record and track their demographic, eligibility, and service information and share this information with other agencies in the Ryan White system of care.

- **Confidentiality and Release of Information:** When discussing client confidentiality, it is important *not* to assume that the client's family or partner knows the HIV-positive status of the client. Part of the discussion about client confidentiality should include inquiry about how the client wants to be contacted (at home, at work, by mail, by phone, etc). If there is a need to disclose information about a client to a third party, including family members, clients shall be asked to sign an Authorization to Disclose (ATD)/ Release of Information (ROI) form, authorizing such disclosure. A Release of Information form describes the situations under which a client's information can be released and includes the name of the agency and/or person with whom information will be shared, the specific information to be shared, duration of the release consent, and the client's signature. This form may be signed at registration prior to the actual need for disclosure. Information disclosed will be limited to the narrowest scope of information that meets the immediate need of disclosure. Releases of information may be cancelled or modified by the client at any time. For agencies and information covered by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), the Release of Information must be a HIPAA-compliant disclosure.
- **Consent for Treatment:** Signed by the client, agreeing to receive medical care services/treatment.

The following forms shall be signed and dated by each client receiving medical care services and posted in a location that is accessible to clients. For documents available in the HIV Client Handbook, completed forms may indicate that the client has received the HIV Client Handbook.

- **Notice of Privacy Practices (NPP):** Clients shall be informed of the service provider's policy regarding privacy rights based on their confidentiality policy. For agencies and information covered by HIPAA, service providers shall comply with HIPAA guidelines and regulations for confidentiality.
- **Client Rights and Responsibilities:** Clients shall be informed of their rights and responsibilities (included in the HIV Client Handbook).
- **Client Grievance Process:** Clients shall be informed of the grievance process. The grievance process is included in the HIV Client Handbook and applies to grievances that are administrative in nature. Grievance appeals specifically related to medical, clinical, and/or HIPAA issues should be filed with the Orange County Health Care Agency's Office of Compliance.

Resources: Each new client receiving Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services will receive information on available resources/services at the facility and within the county that is applicable to them.

Standard	Measure
Registration process began within five (5) business days of initial contact with client.	Intake tool is completed and in client service record
Eligibility for services is determined	Client's record includes proof of eligibility and qualification
Registration information is obtained	Client's service record includes data required for Ryan White Services Report
HCC Consent signed and completed prior to entry into HCC	Signed and dated based on HCC consent form guidelines by client and in client service record
Authorization to Disclose (ATD)/Release of Information (ROI) is discussed and completed as needed	Signed and dated by client and in client service record as needed
Consent for Treatment completed	Signed and dated by client and in client service record
Client is informed of Notice of Privacy Practices	Signed and dated by client and in client service record
Client is informed of Rights and Responsibilities	Signed and dated by client and in client service record
Client is informed of Grievance Procedures	Signed and dated by client and in client service record
Client receives information on available resources/services at the facility and within the county that is applicable to them.	Documented in the client service record

SECTION 6: SCREENING

Ryan White Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services

Ryan White service providers shall conduct a screening of the client's needs and eligibility/qualification for Ryan White funded Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services. For Ryan White funded Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services the client must meet the following:

- Meet eligibility screening (HIV positive and Orange County resident), income, and payer of last resort criteria
- Be re-screened for eligibility/service qualification annually or when a change has occurred that impacts a client's eligibility for services

Standard	Measure
Eligibility /service qualification screening conducted annually or when a change has	Documentation in client record

occurred that impacts a client's eligibility for services	
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EHE Initiative Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services

EHE service providers shall conduct a screening of the client's needs and eligibility/qualification for EHE funded Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services. For EHE funded Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services the client must meet the following:

- Meet eligibility screening criteria (HIV positive)
- Meet payer of last resort criteria

Standard	Measure
Client meets eligibility screening (HIV positive) and payer of last resort criteria	Documentation in client record

SECTION 7: SERVICE MANAGEMENT

Once client registration and screening has been conducted, the service provider may provide the appropriate range of services to the client. Service management is the system by which all levels of services are delivered. Service management shall be consistent with the following principles:

Service Delivery

- Services shall be delivered in a manner that promotes continuity of care.
- Service providers shall refer clients to other agencies if they cannot provide a level of service that is medically, culturally, linguistically, or otherwise appropriate for the needs of the clients.

Confidentiality

- Service provider agencies shall have a policy regarding informing clients of privacy rights, including use of Notice of Privacy Practices. For agencies and information covered by HIPAA, service providers shall comply with HIPAA guidelines and regulations for confidentiality.

Service Planning

- Where service provision options are substantially equivalent, the least costly alternative shall be used in meeting the needs of clients.
- Services shall be planned, managed, and monitored to avoid the need for urgent or emergency services, the interruption of services, and need for emergency or unplanned appropriations of funding to continue services during contract periods.

Documentation and Data Collection

- Program and administrative staff shall provide adequate data collection in a timely manner and documentation of all services provided for accounting, reporting compliance, and evaluation purposes.
- Program data shall be entered into HCC within five (5) business days as specified in contract or scope of work.
- Service providers shall document and keep accurate records of units of services for use in reporting units of service for reimbursement and community planning.
- Service providers shall gather and document data (e.g. demographic, eligibility, and risk factor information) for the Ryan White Services Report.

Compliance with Standards and Laws

- Service directors and managers shall ensure compliance with all relevant laws, regulations, policies, procedures, and other requirements designed to enforce service standards and quality.
- Services shall be consistent with standards set forth in this document.
- Laboratories from which tests were ordered must be certified, licensed, or FDA approved.

Standard	Measure
Service provider shall have procedure to address walk-ins, telephone triage, and emergencies and after-hour care	Written procedure in place
Service provider shall have procedure for making referrals to offsite services	Written procedure in place
Service provider shall have policy regarding informing clients of privacy rights, including use of Notice of Privacy Practices; for covered agencies and information, policy shall be consistent with HIPAA regulations	Written policy on file
Staff shall be aware of confidentiality policy via training upon employment and annually thereafter	Documentation of education or training on file
Service provider shall ensure client information is in a secured location	Site visit will ensure
Service provider shall screen clients to ensure the least costly service is used as appropriate to client needs; screening shall occur at minimum when client is accessing a new service and periodically as the client's needs change	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Written procedure in place• Documentation of client screening and determination on file• Site visit will ensure

Standard	Measure
Service provider shall regularly review client charts to ensure proper documentation including progress notes	Written procedure in place
Service providers shall document and keep accurate records of units of services	Site visit and/or audit will ensure
Required client data and services shall be entered in HCC	Required data fields will be validated by the RSR
Service directors and managers shall ensure compliance with all relevant laws, regulations, policies, procedures, and other requirements designed to enforce service standards and quality	Site visit and/or audit will ensure
Laboratories from which tests were ordered must be certified, licensed, or FDA approved	Site visit and/or audit will ensure

SECTION 8: MEDICAL EVALUATION

Proper assessment/evaluation of client need is fundamental to medical care services. Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services providers shall provide a thorough evaluation of all clients to determine the appropriate level of care and to develop a therapeutic treatment plan. Each HIV-infected client entering into care should have a complete medical history, physical examination, laboratory/diagnostic evaluation, and counseling regarding the implications of HIV infection. The purpose is to confirm the presence of HIV infection, obtain appropriate baseline historical and laboratory data, assure client understanding about HIV infection, and initiate care as recommended by the HIV primary care guidelines and by the opportunistic treatment and prevention guidelines. Baseline information then is used to define management goals and plans.

Timeframe. The medical evaluation process shall begin at the client's initial visit with a medical practitioner and may take more than one session, depending on the client's medical and emotional state. Medical evaluations shall be conducted at a minimum of every six (6) months or more frequently as medically indicated.

Medical History. The medical history is a time to gather information regarding the client's past medical conditions. Items that may be included in the medical history include but are not limited to:

- History of HIV illness, including date of HIV diagnosis and AIDS diagnosis, if applicable
- History of HIV medical care including most recent medical visit
- Current and previous HIV medication regimen and adherence to previous/current medication regimens
- Difficulties tolerating prescribed treatment regimens

- Most recent cluster of differentiation 4 (CD4) and viral load counts (if available)
- Results of prior resistance testing (if any)
- History of previous opportunistic infections
- History of sexually transmitted diseases (STDs)
- History of comorbidities including any other acute or chronic medical conditions (e.g., asthma, diabetes, heart problems, etc.)
- History of positive purified protein derivative (PPD) skin test or interferon-gamma release assay (IGRA)
- Allergies and information about previous allergic reaction(s)
- Vaccination history

Diagnostic Tests.

Unless medically contraindicated, clients should receive the following diagnostic tests at the time treatment is initiated in order to obtain a baseline for the client. After baseline test results are obtained, diagnostic testing should be conducted based on the time frames provided in the table provided below and more frequently if medically indicated. Copies of diagnostic lab results should be included in the client service record.

- HIV Antigen/Antibody, HIV 1 or HIV 2 antibody, and/or HIV RNA
- Complete Blood Count (CBC) with Differential and Platelet Count
- Chemistry Panel
- CD4 Count
- Viral Load
- RPR and/or Enzyme Immunoassays/Chemiluminescent immunoassay/Treponema Pallidum Particle Agglutination assay(EIA/CIA/TPPA)
- Toxoplasmosis Titer
- Mantoux interdermal PPD skin test or IGRA
- Chest x-ray (if indicated)
- Hepatitis A antibody
- Hepatitis B antibody
- Hepatitis C antibody
- Pregnancy Test when indicated
- Pap Smear scheduled according to ACOG guidelines when indicated

Physical Examination. A comprehensive physical examination shall be conducted at the time of the client's first visit with a medical practitioner. Physical examinations should be conducted as medically indicated and should include a complete systems assessment. Physical examination findings in addition to course of treatment shall be documented in client progress notes and/or treatment plan.

Education. Medical care is client centered and therefore, information regarding diagnostic results, prognosis, risks and benefits of treatment, instructions for treatment management and follow-up, and treatment adherence shall be discussed with the client. Additionally, HIV risk reduction and prevention education shall be provided utilizing the state model for Early

Intervention and Prevention services that are designed to reduce high-risk drug and sexual behaviors and promote positive health actions. Client education is ongoing and is the responsibility of all ambulatory/outpatient medical care practitioners.

Partner Services: Partner Services information should be offered and referrals should be made for clients according to established processes.

Reassessments. Reassessments shall be conducted at a minimum of every six (6) months or more frequently whenever health and situational changes make it helpful and necessary to do so. Significant changes noted through reassessments may signal changes in the progression of HIV, which may necessitate changes in treatment. Reassessments may also be indicated when a client presents with a new or exacerbated complaint and/or symptoms. Allergy status shall be documented at each visit and the problem and medication lists shall be appropriately updated.

Documentation. Client service records shall include documentation of all client contacts, evaluation findings, observations, procedures, diagnoses, education provided, and other information pertinent to client care. The following are required documentation of the medical evaluations/examinations:

- Progress notes shall include:
 - Date and reason for visit
 - Interventions and referrals provided
 - Results of interventions and referrals
 - Progress towards treatment plan outcomes
 - Newly identified issues/objectives
 - Client's responses to interventions and referrals
 - Other observations
 - Signature of medical practitioner conducting the evaluation and date of visit
- Problem lists shall be based on identified issues and must include acute and chronic medical conditions. For each problem, the date of onset and the date the problem was resolved shall be documented.
- Medication lists shall include current medications and shall be updated as medications are prescribed and/or discontinued
- Documentation of client education (risk reduction, prevention, adherence to treatment regimens, nutrition, health maintenance, etc.)

Standard	Measure
Medical evaluations are conducted based on medical necessity or a minimum of every six (6) months	Documentation in client service record
Progress notes are signed and dated by medical practitioner conducting the evaluation	Documentation in client service record

Standard	Measure
Medical history is obtained at initial medical visit	Documentation in client service record
Comprehensive physical examination is conducted on initial medical visit with practitioner and as medically indicated	Documentation in client service record
Allergy status is documented at each medical visit.	Documentation in client service record
TB screening since diagnosis	Documentation of TB screening in client service record
<p>CD4 tests conducted every 3-6 months to:</p> <p>(1) Assess immunologic response to ART; and</p> <p>(2) Assess the need for initiation or discontinuation of prophylaxis for opportunistic infections</p> <p>For clients whose CD4 count has increased well above the threshold for opportunistic infection risk, CD4 count can be monitored every 6-12 months.</p>	Documentation of lab report in client service record or documentation if not clinically indicated
<p>Viral load tests conducted:</p> <p>(1) Every 3-4 months or as clinically indicated; and</p> <p>(2) At initiation or change in therapy</p> <p>Interval may be extended to every 6 months for adherent clients who have suppressed viral loads for more than 2-3 years and whose clinical and immunologic status is stable.</p>	Documentation of lab report in client service record or documentation if not clinically indicated
Chemistry Panel is conducted at a minimum annually	Documentation of lab report in client service record
Complete Blood Count (CBC) with differential and platelet count conducted at a minimum annually	Documentation of lab report in client service record
Pap smear conducted based on ACOG guidelines	Documentation in client service record
Allergy status documented at each visit	Documentation in client service record
Documentation of each medical evaluation/assessment	<p>Signed and dated note in client service record to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Date and reason for visit • Interventions and referrals provided • Results of interventions and referrals

Standard	Measure
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Progress towards treatment plan outcomes • Newly identified issues/objectives • Client's responses to interventions, procedures, and medications • Other observations
Problem list updated as appropriate	Signed and dated problem list in client service record includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acute and chronic medical conditions • Date of onset of problem • Date problem was resolved (if applicable)
Medication list updated as appropriate	Signed and dated medication list in client service record includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current medications • Date medication(s) prescribed • Date medication discontinued (if applicable)
Practitioners shall document results and outcomes of visit	Signed and dated progress notes in client service record include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Date of visit • Outcomes of evaluation and or physical examination • Signature of the medical practitioner conducting the evaluation
Client education is provided	Documentation of education provided in client service record includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Date of education • Type of education provided
Partner services information is offered	Documentation that partner services information was offered and referrals were made if needed

SECTION 9: PSYCHOSOCIAL ASSESSMENT

PLWH must often cope with multiple medical, social, and psychiatric issues that are best addressed through a multidisciplinary approach to the disease. The evaluation must also include assessment of mental illness, nutritional status, oral health, substance use, economic factors (e.g., unstable housing), social support, high-risk behaviors, and other factors that are known to impair the ability to adhere to treatment and that promote HIV transmission. Once evaluated, these factors should be managed accordingly. Psychosocial assessments shall be conducted by medical care practitioners of outpatient/ambulatory health services annually.

The Psychosocial Assessment shall, at a minimum, assess the following:

Mental Health Issues
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ History of and current mental health issues ◦ Mental health treatment history ◦ Resources/referrals for mental health issues, if applicable
Nutritional Assessment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Assess for items such as loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, difficulty chewing/swallowing ◦ Access to food ◦ Diet and exercise ◦ Recent weight changes ◦ Lipid screening if indicated ◦ Resources/referrals for nutritional services, if applicable
Oral Health Assessment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Visual assessment/exam of oral cavity ◦ Referral to oral health care services, if applicable
Substance Use
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ History and extent of current substance use ◦ Tobacco use assessment ◦ Resources/referrals for substance use issues, if applicable

Standard	Measure
Medical psychosocial assessment conducted annually and includes, but is not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mental health assessment • Nutrition assessment • Oral health assessment • Substance use assessment 	Documentation of annual psychosocial assessment in client service record

SECTION 10: TREATMENT PLAN

Once medical and psychosocial needs have been assessed, medical care practitioners shall work in collaboration with clients to identify and prioritize medical care needs that will be addressed through medical care services. This process is documented and included in the treatment plan. The plan provides a map for the medical care practitioner on how to address needs in a manner that best promotes the health and medical needs of the client. The treatment plan shall be reviewed and/or revised and signed and dated at each routine medical visit.

The treatment plan shall include:

- Statement of the problems and/or symptoms to be addressed during treatment
- Changes in client's medical condition

- Interventions proposed
- Referrals and linkages to other needed services
- Signature and date by the medical care practitioner developing the treatment plan.

Standard	Measure
Treatment plans must be completed and/or reviewed and revised at each routine medical visit and must be signed and dated by the medical care practitioner who completed the assessment/evaluation	Signed and dated treatment plan documented in client service record

SECTION 11: TREATMENT PROVISION

All medical care treatment will be consistent with the United States Public Health Service treatment guidelines (www.aidsinfo.nih.gov/) and will be guided by the care needs expressed in the treatment plan. Practitioners shall be knowledgeable about outcome research and utilize clinically proven treatment for their client's presenting problems. Medical treatment and the prescription of antiretrovirals and prophylactic medications shall conform to the standards of care recognized within the general community and supported by clinically published research for the client's condition.

Treatment provision is documented through progress notes, treatment plans, problem lists, and medication lists.

SECTION 12: SPECIALTY MEDICAL CARE

In order to fully comply with the Public Health Service Guidelines, specialty medical services are provided by tertiary care providers for medical services that are beyond the scope of Ryan White Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services primary medical care clinics. Specialty medical care services include the provision of outpatient infectious disease and other specialty medical care, including but not limited to: Obstetrics, Hepatology, Neurology, Oncology, Immunology, Pulmonology, Ophthalmology, Dermatology, Radiation Oncology, and Psychiatry. A physician, physician's assistant, clinical nurse specialist, or nurse practitioner must render these services. Specific services include diagnostic testing, preventative care and screening, practitioner examination, medical history, and treatment of common physical and mental conditions.

Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services providers are responsible for assessing a client's need for specialty care and should provide appropriate referrals as needed. Specialty care services are considered consultative and as such, clients shall be referred back to the original outpatient/ambulatory health services clinic for ongoing primary HIV medical care.

For Ryan White funded Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services, specialty medical care shall be limited to those services authorized by the Orange County Health Care Agency (HCA). A prior authorization form authorizing specialty medical care services shall be completed by the

Medical Director of 17th Street Testing, Treatment and Care for each specialty referral. A copy of the specialty referral in addition to a copy of a signed prior authorization form shall be retained in each client's service record. All referrals to specialty medical care shall be tracked and monitored by both the referring provider and the specialty medical care administrator.

Specialty medical care appointments shall be provided within three (3) weeks of the request for service or sooner, if the medical condition warrants.

Standard	Measure
Treatment is consistent with the United States Public Health Service Guidelines	Chart review will ensure
Copies of the Specialty Medical Care referrals and the signed prior authorization form shall be retained in each client's file	Signed documents in client service record
All Specialty Medical Care referrals shall be tracked and monitored	Record of Specialty Medical referrals made and status of referral. Record should include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Date of referral• Date of Specialty appointment• Status of Specialty treatment
Specialty Medical Care appointments and visits shall be provided within three (3) weeks of request for service or sooner, if warranted	Documentation of referral and service date on file

SECTION 13: REFERRAL/COORDINATION/LINKAGES

In many cases, clients will require services in addition to those that a given agency is able to provide. For instance, referrals to specialty medical care services shall be provided to clients who require care beyond the scope of an outpatient/ambulatory health services primary care clinic. Similarly, if a client's psychosocial assessment reveals that a client requires mental health services, it is incumbent upon medical practitioners to refer the client to additional mental health services including psychiatric evaluation. Referrals to other services including case management, dental treatment, and supportive services shall also be made as indicated.

It is imperative that outpatient/ambulatory health services providers collaborate and implement formal relationships with other providers in order to provide the full spectrum of HIV services for clients. Referrals to other health care and social service providers are made as the client's health status indicates and/or when the needs of the client cannot be met by the outpatient/ambulatory health services provider's established range of services. Outpatient/ambulatory health services providers must develop written policies and procedures that facilitate referral to other health and social service providers in the local HIV/AIDS Continuum of Care. All referrals must be documented in the client service record.

Standard	Measure
<p>As needed, service providers will refer clients to a full range of services including but not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mental health services including psychiatric evaluation • Case management • Other supportive services as needed 	<p>Signed and dated note to document referrals in client service record</p>

SECTION 14: OUTPATIENT/AMBULATORY HEALTH SERVICES SERVICE CLOSURE

Medical services are considered the most critical aspect to a client's physical and psychological well-being and as such, closure from medical care services must be carefully considered and reasonable steps must be taken to assure clients who need medical care are maintained in services.

A client may be closed from outpatient/ambulatory medical care services due to the following conditions:

- The client has become ineligible for services.
- The client no longer contacts the provider for services and/or chooses to terminate services.
- The client's needs would be better served by another agency.
- The client demonstrates unacceptable behavior that violates client rights and responsibilities.
- The client cannot be located after documented multiple and extensive attempts for a period no less than three (3) months.
- The client has died.

Efforts to Find Client. The service provider shall periodically query data systems to identify clients who appear to be lost to care. If the client is receiving case management, the medical provider may work with the case manager to locate the client . It is recommended, but not mandatory, that at least three (3) attempts to contact the client are made over a period of three (3) months. Efforts shall be made to locate and contact a client who has not shown up for appointments or responded to provider's phone calls. These efforts shall include contacting last known provider(s) for which releases have previously been obtained. Clients who cannot be located after extensive attempts may be referred to available outreach services so that they may be linked back into the care system.

Closure Due to Unacceptable Behavior. The service provider may decide to first verbally and/or in writing give the client a warning of service termination if unacceptable behavior (which is described to the client) violates client rights and responsibilities including excessive missed appointments continues. Termination may be immediate if the client or family member has threatened service provider staff with violence or has exhibited threatening behavior. If it is decided that closure is necessary, the service provider shall provide notice regarding intent to terminate services in person, by phone and/or written notice as soon as possible after the determination to terminate has been made. The service provider shall notify the client in writing that their services are being terminated. The notification shall state that termination is effective 30 days or more from the date of the letter (or it may state the termination is already in effect which may have been decided due to violence or threatening behavior). Within the limits of client's authorization to receive mail, notification of closure shall be mailed to the client using certified mail, return receipt requested. The letter does not have to specify the reason for termination and phrases such as "inability to achieve or maintain rapport" or "the therapeutic clinician/client relationship no longer exists" may be used. At a minimum, the letter shall include⁶

- The last day the physician/medical practitioner will be available to render medical care, assuring the client has been provided at least 15 days of emergency treatment and prescriptions before discontinuing the physician's/medical practitioner's availability.
- Remind the client that continued clinical care is the client's responsibility and should be pursued.
- Alternative sources of medical care, i.e., refer client to other physicians/medical practitioners, by name, or to the local medical society's referral service.
- The information necessary to obtain the medical records compiled during the client's care (whom to contact, how and where).
- A copy of the notification shall be placed in the client's chart. If the client has no known address or the service provider is not authorized to send mail to the client, the service provider shall document other types of notification of closure (e.g. phone calls, visit) or attempts to notify the client of closure. If the client does not agree with the reason for closure, they shall be informed of the service provider's grievance procedure.

Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services Service Closure Summary. An Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services service closure summary shall be documented in the client's record and if applicable, documents related to the written notification of service termination shall be filed in the client's record. The Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services service closure summary shall include the following:

- Circumstances and reasons for closure
- Diagnosis at closure
- Referrals and linkages provided at closure

Data Collection Closeout. The provider shall close out the client in the data collection system (HCC) as soon as possible, but no later than thirty (30) days of outpatient/ambulatory health

⁶As specified by the Medical Board of California <http://www.medbd.ca.gov/licensee/terminate.html>

services service closure. For clients receiving services other than outpatient/ambulatory health services at the same provider agency, the provider shall coordinate efforts between services to ensure that data collection closeout occurs no later than thirty (30) days of closure from all Ryan White services at that provider agency.

Standard	Measure
Follow up will be provided to clients who have dropped out of treatment without notice	Signed and dated note to document attempt to contact in client service record
Notify client regarding closure if due to unacceptable behavior violating client rights and responsibilities	Copy of notification in client service record If client has no known address or is unable to receive mail, documentation of other types of notification or attempt at notification in client service record
An Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services service closure summary shall be completed for each client who has terminated treatment	Client service record will include signed and dated mental health service closure summary to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnosis at closure • Referrals made • Reason for termination
Closeout of data collection shall be completed for each client who has been closed from all Ryan White services at that provider agency	Data collection system (HCC) will indicate client's closure no later than thirty (30) days of service closure

SECTION 15: QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Ryan White Part A providers, and other funded providers if applicable, shall have at least one (1) member on the Health Care Agency's Quality Management (QM) Committee. The QM Committee will oversee quality management activities for all funded services. Providers may continue to have their own QM committee if they desire and/or are required to do so under other funding streams. The intent of a centralized QM committee with representation from all providers is to ensure information between agencies is consistent, quality initiatives are undertaken by all funded agencies, and service delivery issues can be addressed system wide.

As providers participate in the centralized QM committee, the intent is for all providers to actively participate in and provide feedback on the following items:

- Providers shall participate in community-wide Quality Improvement initiatives as developed by the QM committee, if applicable.
- Providers will implement strategies that may lead to improvements in health outcomes as outlined in annual Performance Outcome Goals.
- Providers will implement quality assurance strategies that improve the delivery of services.

Standard	Measure
Providers shall participate in annual quality Initiatives, if applicable	Documentation of efforts to participate in quality initiatives
Providers shall participate as a member of the Quality Management Committee, if applicable	Quality Management Committee membership

Appendix A. Glossary of Terms

The terms defined in the appendix are general terms used throughout all of the standards of care and may not appear in each individual standard.

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA): The ADA is a civil rights law that prohibits discrimination against individuals with disabilities in all areas open to the general public. The purpose of the law is to make sure that people with disabilities have the same rights and opportunities as the general public.

Authorization to Disclose (ATD): Signed consent by client that wants to grant another individual or organization access to their protected health information (PHI).

Client: Individual receiving services.

Eligibility for EHE Services: Is based on Health Resources Services Administration (HRSA) requirements and is limited to proof of HIV status. Providers are responsible for verifying this information.

Eligibility for Ryan White/and or HOPWA Services: Is based on Health Resources Services Administration (HRSA) and/or Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) requirements. It includes that a person must have proof of HIV status, proof of Orange County residency, and proof of payer of last resort. Providers are responsible for verifying this information.

Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) Initiative: Federal program whose purpose is to focus resources in areas most impacted by HIV to implement effective and innovative strategies to reduce new HIV infections in the United States by at least 75% in 2025 and by at least 90% in 2030.

Eligibility Verification Form (EVF): Form used to document a client's eligibility for Ryan White services. Information includes but is not limited to contact, income, household, and insurance information.

Grant Recipient: Government recipient of Ryan White Part A funds. In Orange County, the Orange County Health Care Agency acts as the Grant Recipient for Ryan White Part A funds.

HCC: HIV Care Connect (HCC) is a centralized HIV/AIDS client management system that allows for coordination of client services among medical care, treatment and support providers and provides comprehensive data for program reporting and monitoring. HCC is used by Ryan White-funded service providers to automate, plan, manage, and report on client data.

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA): Is the US federal legislation that provides data privacy and security provisions for safeguarding medical information. More information can be found through US Department of Health & Human Services at <https://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/for-professionals/index.html>.

HIV Planning Council (Council): Provides advice and makes recommendations to the County regarding HIV policy issues, service needs of the community, and allocates funds to each service funded under the Ryan White Act and advises the County on Housing Opportunities for People with AIDS (HOPWA) funds.

Notice of Privacy Practice (NPP): A notice to clients that provides a clear, user friendly explanation of client's rights with respect to their personal health information and the privacy practices of health plans and health care providers as required by HIPAA.

Payer of last resort: Funds are used to pay for care services that are not covered by other resources such as Medi-Cal or private health insurance.

Payer of last resort: Funds are used to pay for care services that are not covered by other resources such as Medi-Cal or private health insurance.

Protected Health Information (PHI): Under US law, any information about health status, provision of health care, or payment for health care that is created or collected by a covered entity such as a health plans, health care clearinghouses, and health care providers as defined by HIPAA rules that can be linked to a specific individual.

Provider: An institution or entity that receives funding to provide Ryan White services. This includes a group of practitioners, clinic, or other institution that provide Ryan White services and the agency at which services are provided.

Qualifying for a service: Based on Ryan White, EHE, and/or HOPWA eligibility and Planning Council determined requirements (for example, income less than 150% of Federal Poverty Level for Ryan White funded Medical Transportation Services), providers are responsible for ensuring that services provided adhere to qualifying requirements.

Release of Information (ROI): Signed consent by client that wants to grant another individual or organization access to their protected health information (PHI).

Ryan White Act: Federal legislation first authorized in 1990 that created Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program which provides a comprehensive system of care that includes primary medical care and essential support services for people living with HIV who are uninsured or underinsured.

Staff: An individual who directly provides Ryan White, EHE, and/or HOPWA funded services, oversees the provision of services, or perform administrative functions for services. This may include paid employees, subcontractors, volunteers, or interns.